# NWEA Assessment Item Illustrating 5.NF.B.4.a <br> © 2020 NWEA (EXCEPT FOR COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS © 2010 NATIONAL GOVERNORS ASSOCIATION CENTER FOR BEST PRACTICES AND COUNCIL OF CHIEF STATE SCHOOL OFFICERS). ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. USED WITH PERMISSION FROM NWEA; VISIT https://www.nwea.org/ FOR TERMS OF USE. 

Domain: Number and Operations-Fractions
5.NF.B: Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to multiply and divide fractions.
Calculator Availability: No
$\square$

Alignment: 5.NF.B.4a: Interpret the product $(a / b) \times q$ as $a$ parts of a partition of $q$ into $b$ equal parts; equivalently, as the result of a sequence of operations $a \times q \div b$. For example, use $a$ visual fraction model to show $(2 / 3) \times 4=8 / 3$, and create a story context for this equation. Do the same with $(2 / 3) \times(4 / 5)=$ 8/15. (In general, $(a / b) \times(c / d)=(a c) /(b d))$.

This standard is intended to get at the conceptual understanding of multiplication of a fraction or whole number by a fraction as scaling. In this item, 5 partitions out of 6 equals 20 , so each partition equals $20 \div 5$, or 4 . It would be appropriate for students to model this problem by dividing a rectangle into 6 equal parts and labeling the value of each part in order to find the value of the whole. By labeling the collection of 5 partitions as 20, students can apply multiplicative reasoning to discern that each partition equals 4 and that the whole therefore represents 24 .

Coherence: Students were formally introduced to multiplication with whole numbers in grade 3 when the focus was on multiplication as equal groups. ${ }^{3 . O A . A .1}$ In grade 4, the concept of multiplication as a comparison was developed with whole numbers. ${ }^{4 . O A . A}$ Students also began multiplying fractions by whole numbers in grade 4 . It should be noted that grade 4 standards built upon the equal-groups interpretation of multiplication, in which students thought about $5 \times 2 / 3$ as 5 groups of two-thirds. This work continues in grade 5, when students multiply both fractions or whole numbers by fractions and solve problems about finding a fraction of a whole number. ${ }^{5 . N F} .6$ The work of finding a fraction of a whole number builds understanding of the idea of multiplication as scaling, ${ }^{5 . N F .5}$ which will be developed further in grade 6 when students are introduced to ratios ${ }^{6 . R P . A}$ and in grade 7 when they are introduced to scale drawings. ${ }^{\text {7.G.A. } 1}$

Rigor: This item attends to conceptual understanding and procedural skill. In order to solve the problem, students reason about the relationship between the whole, the unknown, and $5 / 6$ of the whole, which is 20. The computations involved in finding the answer represent a below-grade-level procedure.

## Answer Key:

What is the value of $n$ when $\frac{5}{6}$ of $n$ is 20 ? Enter the answer in the box.

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